

<p style="text-align: center;">EXCO TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR</p>

SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

This management information circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation by the management of Exco Technologies Limited (the "Corporation") of proxies to be used at the annual meeting of shareholders of the Corporation to be held on Wednesday, January 29, 2014, at 4:30 p.m. (the "Meeting"), and at all adjournments thereof, for the purposes set forth in the accompanying Notice of Meeting. It is expected that the solicitation will be made primarily by mail but proxies may also be solicited personally or by telephone by regular employees of the Corporation. The shareholder materials are being sent to both registered and non-registered owners of the securities. If you are a non-registered owner, and the issuer or its agent has sent these materials directly to you, your name and address, and information about your holdings of securities, have been obtained in accordance with applicable securities regulatory requirements from the intermediary holding on your behalf. The cost of solicitation of proxies will be borne by the Corporation.

APPOINTMENT AND REVOCATION OF PROXIES

The persons named in the accompanying form of proxy are directors of the Corporation. **A shareholder has the right to appoint a person to represent such shareholder at the Meeting other than the persons designated in the accompanying form of proxy.** Such right may be exercised by inserting in the space provided the name of the other person the shareholder wishes to appoint. Such other person need not be a shareholder of the Corporation.

To be valid, proxies must be deposited with the Corporation's registrar and transfer agent, Equity Financial Trust Company, 200 University Avenue, Suite 300, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 4H1, not later than 4:30 p.m. (Toronto time) on January 27, 2014, or with the Chair of the Meeting prior to the commencement of the Meeting.

A shareholder who has given a proxy has the power to revoke it as to any matter on which a vote shall not already have been cast pursuant to the authority conferred by such proxy and may do so (1) by completing and signing a proxy bearing a later date and depositing it as described above; (2) by depositing an instrument signed (in writing or by electronic signature) by such shareholder or by such shareholder's attorney authorized in writing at the registered office of the Corporation at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the day of the Meeting, or any adjournment thereof, at which the proxy is to be used or with the chair of the Meeting at the Meeting, or (3) in any other manner permitted by law.

VOTING OF PROXIES

The shares represented by the accompanying form of proxy will be voted or withheld from voting in accordance with the instructions of the shareholder on any ballot that may be called for and, if the shareholder specifies a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, the shares will be voted accordingly. If no specification has been made with respect to any such matter, such shares will be voted by the management representatives for the election of directors, for the appointment of the auditor and the determination of its remuneration, each as described in this information circular.

The accompanying form of proxy confers discretionary authority upon the management representatives named therein with respect to amendments or variations to matters identified in the Notice of Meeting and other matters which may properly come before the Meeting. At the date of this information circular, the management of the Corporation knows of no such amendments, variations or other matters. If matters which are not known at the date hereof should properly come before the Meeting, the form of proxy will be voted on such matters in accordance with the best judgment of the person voting it.

REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS

You are a registered shareholder if your shares are held in your name and you have a share certificate. Registered shareholders may vote their shares by one of the following methods:

- (a) You may vote by proxy by completing, dating and signing the enclosed form of proxy and sending it by mail or delivery to Equity Financial Trust Company, Proxy Department, 200 University Avenue, Suite 300, Toronto, Ontario M5H 4H1 to be received by no later than 4:30 p.m. (Toronto time) on January 27, 2014 or, if the Meeting is adjourned, by 4:30 p.m. (Toronto time) on the second last business day preceding the date of the adjourned Meeting at which the proxy is to be used.
- (b) If you plan to attend the Meeting and vote your shares in person, you do not need to complete and return the form of proxy. Your vote will be recorded and counted at the Meeting. Please register with a representative of Equity Financial Trust Company, the Corporation's registrar and transfer agent, upon arrival at the Meeting.

NON-REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS

Many of the Corporation's shareholders are non-registered shareholders, also known as "beneficial" shareholders. You are a beneficial shareholder if the shares that you own are registered in the name of an intermediary, such as a bank, a trust company, an investment dealer, a trustee or other nominee and not in your own name.

There are two kinds of beneficial shareholders: those who object to their names being made known to the Corporation, referred to as objecting beneficial owners ("**OBOs**") and those who do not object to the Corporation knowing who they are, referred to as non-objecting beneficial owners ("**NOBOs**").

These securityholder materials are being sent to both registered shareholders and to non-registered shareholders (both OBOs and NOBOs). The Corporation is sending the meeting materials directly to NOBOs. If you are a non-registered shareholder, and the Corporation or its agent has sent these materials directly to you, your name and address and information about your holdings of securities, have been obtained in accordance with applicable securities regulatory requirements from the intermediary holding on your behalf. By choosing to send these materials to you directly, the Corporation (and not the intermediary holding on your behalf) has assumed responsibility for (i) delivering these materials to you, and (ii) executing your proper voting instructions. Please return your voting instructions as specified in the request for voting instructions.

The meeting materials for OBOs will be distributed through intermediaries, who often use a service company such as Broadridge Financial Solutions to forward meeting materials to non-registered shareholders.

Intermediaries are required to forward meeting materials to OBOs unless an OBO has waived the right to receive them. Generally, OBOs who have not waived the right to receive meeting materials will be given a voting instruction form (“VIF”) which must be completed and signed by the OBO in accordance with the directions on the VIF, or more rarely, will be given a proxy already signed by the intermediary and restricted as to the number of shares beneficially owned by the OBO but which is otherwise not completed.

Should a non-registered shareholder who receives either a proxy or a VIF wish to attend and vote at the Meeting in person (or have another person attend and vote on their behalf), the non-registered shareholder should strike out the names of the persons named in the proxy and insert the non-registered shareholder’s (or such other person’s) name in the blank space provided in the first paragraph of the proxy, or in the case of a VIF, by following the instructions on that form. By doing so, the non-registered shareholder is instructing the intermediary to appoint such non-registered shareholder or his or her designee as proxyholder.

In any event, non-registered shareholders should carefully follow the instructions of their intermediaries and their service companies or included in the proxy form, as the case may be.

VOTING SHARES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

As of the date hereof, the Corporation has outstanding 40,738,507 common shares. Each holder of record of a common share ("Common Share"), as of the close of business on December 2, 2013, (the "Record Date") will be given notice of the Meeting and will be entitled to one vote for each Common Share held as of the Record Date on all matters to come before the Meeting, or any adjournment thereof.

To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Corporation, no person beneficially owns, controls or directs, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of the outstanding Common Shares except as hereafter set out. Corporations owned or controlled by Brian A. Robbins of which the beneficiaries are Brian A. Robbins, his wife and children, beneficially own 8,493,046 Common Shares. Brian A. Robbins and his wife also beneficially own an additional 1,037,132 Common Shares, which together with the Common Shares referred to in the immediately preceding

sentence, represent approximately 23.4% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares. In addition, the Corporation has also been advised that Kernwood Limited, a private investment company controlled by Edward J. Kernaghan, holds 4,770,800 Common Shares, representing approximately 11.7% of all the issued and outstanding Common Shares.

BUSINESS TO BE TRANSACTED AT THE MEETING

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT FROM AUDITORS

Management, on behalf of the Board, will submit to the shareholders at the Meeting the audited consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 and the report of the Auditors thereon. The audited consolidated financial statements and Auditors' report form part of the Corporation's 2013 Annual Report to Shareholders which is being mailed to shareholders with the notice, the proxy and this circular. Copies of all these documents are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITOR

The persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote for the reappointment of Ernst & Young LLP, Chartered Accountants, Toronto, Ontario as auditor of the Corporation to hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders at remuneration to be determined by the directors of the Corporation. Ernst & Young LLP was first appointed auditor of the Corporation on January 22, 1992. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the Corporation incurred \$466,020 in fees from Ernst & Young LLP for audit, audit related, tax and other fees.

	2013	2012
Audit services and related fees	\$301,500	\$301,500
Tax fees	14,520	14,737
All other fees	150,000	30,000
Total	\$466,020	\$346,237

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The articles of the Corporation provide for a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 15 directors and the Board of Directors is empowered to determine the number of directors from time to time. The Board currently consists of 7 members and at the Board meeting held on November 26, 2013 the Board determined that the number of directors to be elected at this Meeting would remain at 7.

The persons named in the enclosed form of proxy intend to vote for the election of the nominees whose names are set forth below. Management does not contemplate that any of the nominees will be unable to serve as a director but, if that should occur for any reason prior to the Meeting, the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy reserve the right to vote for another nominee at their discretion. Each director elected will hold office until the next annual meeting or until his successor is elected or appointed if his office is earlier vacated.

Under the Corporation's Board of Directors Charter annexed as Schedule A hereto, any nominee in an uncontested election who receives, from the common shares voted at the meeting in person or by proxy, a greater number of shares withheld than shares voted in favour

of his or her election, must promptly tender his or her resignation to the Chairman of the Board, to take effect on acceptance by the Board. The Board and if deemed appropriate by the Board, with the assistance of the Governance and Nominating Committee, will expeditiously consider the Director's offer to resign. The Board will have 90 days to make a final decision and announce it by way of news release or other means acceptable to the Toronto Stock Exchange. The Director will not participate in any committee or Board deliberations on the resignation offer.

The following summary sets forth the names of all persons proposed to be nominated for election as directors, all other major positions and offices with the Corporation now held by them, their principal occupations, their periods of service as directors of the Corporation and the number of Common Shares of the Corporation beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, or over which control or direction is exercised by each of them. All directors are residents of Ontario, Canada. Each of the nominees has been previously elected at a meeting of shareholders.

Nominee for Election as Director	Director since	Principal Occupation	Other Positions Presently Held with Exco and affiliates	Common Shares Beneficially Owned, Controlled or Directed (1)
Laurie T.F. Bennett (2) (3) (4)	January 2005	Corporate Director	None	18,500
Edward H. Kernaghan (2) (3)	January 2009	Senior Investment Advisor, Chippingham Financial Group, an Investment Dealer	None	4,770,800*
Nicole Kirk (3) (4)	January 2013	Corporate Director	None	7,800
Robert B. Magee (2) (3)	January 2010	Chairman & Chief Executive Officer, The Woodbridge Group, an automotive supplier	None	20,000
Philip B. Matthews (2) (4)	February 2011	Corporate Director	None	2,000
Brian A. Robbins	January 1972	President & Chief Executive Officer, The Corporation	None	9,530,178**
Peter van Schaik (3) (5)	October 2006	Founder & Chairman Van-Rob Inc., an automotive supplier	None	30,400

(1) Information as to shares beneficially owned, controlled or directed is furnished by each director individually and is as of December 2, 2013.

(2) Member of the Audit Committee

(3) Member of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee

(4) Member of the Governance and Nominating Committee

(5) Mr. van Schaik is a director of Canadian Progressive Tool and Transfer Limited a private company, which on September 8, 2010 made an assignment into bankruptcy under the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act (Canada) and on September 27, 2010 a receiver was appointed.

* These shares are owned by Kernwood Limited, a private company in which Edward H. Kernaghan has a minority interest.

** 8,493,046 of these shares are held by corporations owned by or on behalf of Brian A. Robbins and his wife. See section headed "Voting Shares and Principal Holders Thereof".

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

In fiscal 2013, each director who was not an employee of the Corporation (an "Eligible Director") was paid as remuneration for services as a director of the Corporation the amounts set forth below:

Annual Board Retainer*	\$26,250 and \$12,500 DSU allocation
Annual Board Chair Retainer*	\$22,500
Annual Audit Chair Retainer*	\$8,750
Annual Governance & Nominating Committee Chair	\$5,000
Annual HRC Chair	\$5,000
Board Meeting – Attendance	\$1,500
Committee Meeting – Attendance	\$1,500

* Effective April 1, 2013 certain annual director fees and DSU allocation were changed as follows:

	Effective April 1, 2013	Prior to April 1, 2013
Annual Board Retainer	\$30,000	\$22,500
Annual Board Chair Retainer	\$30,000	\$15,000
Annual Audit Chair Retainer	\$10,000	\$7,500
DSU Allocation	\$15,000	\$10,000

Director Compensation Table

Name	Fees earned (\$)	Share based awards (\$)	Total ⁽¹⁾ (\$)
Laurie Bennett	65,250	12,500	77,750
Edward H. Kernaghan	42,750	12,500	55,250
Nicole Kirk ⁽²⁾	30,375	10,000	40,375
Robert B. Magee	42,750	12,500	55,250
Philip Matthews	50,375	12,500	62,875
Peter van Schaik	42,750	12,500	55,250

(1) The value noted is the value on the grant date.

(2) Director less than a full year.

Note: None of the above directors receive option- based awards, non-equity incentive plan compensation, pension benefits, RRSP contributions or other compensation as defined by National Instrument Form 51-102F6 and accordingly, the columns have been deleted for presentation purposes.

Director Incentive Plan Awards

Name	Option-based Awards				Share-based Awards ⁽¹⁾		
	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#)	Option exercise price (\$)	Option expiry date	Value of unexercised in-the-money options (\$)	Number of shares or units of shares that have not vested (#)	Market or payout value of share-based award that have not vested (\$)	Market or payout value of vested share-based awards not paid out or distributed (\$)
Laurie Bennett	-	-	-	-	-	-	175,385
Edward H. Kernaghan	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,088
Nicole Kirk	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,466
Robert B. Magee	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,162
Philip B. Matthews	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,931
Peter van Schaik	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,140

(1) DSUs vest on the grant date but are not redeemable until the recipient ceases to be a Director.

On November 18, 2005 the Board adopted a Deferred Share Unit Plan (“DSU Plan”) for Independent Directors. The deferred share units will be redeemed by the Corporation in cash payable after the Independent Director departs from the Board. Independent Directors are not granted stock options under the SOP.

Incentive Plan Award - Value Vested or Earned During the Year

Name	Option-based awards-Value vested during the year (\$)	Share-based award-Value vested during the year ⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation – Value earned during the year (\$)
Laurie Bennett	-	12,500	-
Edward H. Kernaghan	-	12,500	-
Nicole Kirk	-	10,000	-
Robert B. Magee	-	12,500	-
Philip B. Matthews	-	12,500	-
Peter van Schaik	-	12,500	-

(1) As DSUs vest immediately the market value of the DSUs were as of the grant date.

Several directors are presently directors of other public companies, however, no conflicts exist. Below are the public company directorships currently held by the Corporation’s directors and proposed nominees for director.

Directors	Public Companies
Edward H. Kernaghan	Brick Brewing Ltd. (TMX:BRB) Boralex Inc. (TMX:BLX) PFB Corp. (TMX:PFB)
Brian A. Robbins	Heroux-Devtek Inc. (TMX: HRX) Air Boss of America Corp. (TMX: BOS)

During the 2013 fiscal year, five Board meetings, including four regular quarterly meetings and one budget/strategy meeting, were held. Independent directors convene *in camera* meetings at the end of each regular quarterly Board meeting. Mr. Robbins and other members of management are not in attendance at these *in camera* sessions. The following table outlines the attendance, in person or by telephone, of directors at Board meetings in fiscal 2013.

Directors	Meetings Attended
Laurie Bennett	5 of 5
Edward H. Kernaghan	5 of 5
Nicole Kirk	4 of 4
Robert B. Magee	5 of 5
Philip B. Matthews	5 of 5
Brian A. Robbins	5 of 5
Peter van Schaik	4 of 5

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

All directors of the Corporation, other than Mr. Robbins, who is the President and CEO of the Corporation and who holds in excess of 10% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding Common Shares and his daughter Ms. Kirk, are independent within the meaning of Section 1.4 of NI 52-110. Accordingly a majority of the directors, including the Chairman, are independent. A description of the Chairman's role is set out in Schedule A hereto.

The Board has a written charter, the text of which is set forth in Schedule A hereto. The Corporation has also developed a position description for the Chairman and the President/Chief Executive Officer which are set forth in Schedule A. The Board has not developed written position descriptions for the Chair of each of the Corporation's three standing Committees. However, the Board has developed Charters for each of its Committees and the Chair of each Committee understands his responsibility for taking the lead role in ensuring that such Committee is operating effectively in accordance with its Charter. Specifically, the Chair of each Committee is responsible for preparing/approving the agenda for the meetings of his Committee, managing the affairs of the Committee, monitoring whether the Committee is receiving timely information of appropriate quality before, during and after Committee meetings and providing a link between the Committee and the Board.

Orientation of new directors is accomplished by ensuring that they attend at the Corporation's various production facilities and meet local management. Local management also routinely attends Board meetings and presents their budgets to the Board each year thereby ensuring that directors have ample exposure to those actually running the businesses and opportunity to

question both senior executives and local business unit managers. Meetings with the Corporation's executives ensure that new directors are aware of the Corporation's policies, practises and major business issues. Given that the Corporation's directors are accomplished business executives who are generally engaged in the broader business community the Corporation does not have a formal continuous education policy. The Corporation does however make the Board and committees aware of emerging governance, legal and financial reporting issues that are relevant to the Corporation's affairs.

The Corporation has adopted a written code of conduct ("Code") for directors and employees of the Corporation. All directors shall receive a copy of the Code each year. Employees of the Corporation can obtain a copy from management at their place of work. The Board relies primarily on feedback from management, the Corporation's outside auditor and the whistleblower hotline in order to detect and deal with any infractions of the Code. A copy of the Code is also available on the SEDAR website. Directors who have any interest in any potential transaction or contract being considered by the Corporation are required to declare their interest in the matter and refrain from voting thereon.

The Corporation has 3 standing committees. These are the Audit Committee, the Human Resources and Compensation Committee and the Governance and Nominating Committee. These committees consist exclusively of independent directors. For Committee membership, please see "Election of Directors". For further information regarding the composition and qualifications of the Audit Committee please see the Corporation's 2013 Annual Information Form, section "Audit Committee Composition and Qualifications".

The Governance and Nominating Committee is comprised of three independent directors. This Committee is responsible for, among other things, reviewing and reporting to the Board from time to time on the size, composition and profile of the Board, reviewing the qualifications of persons submitted as potential candidates for the Board and making recommendations to the Board in respect of same and annually reviewing the contribution of individual members of the Board and the performance of the Board as a whole. In conjunction with the Chair of the Board, the Committee recommends to the Board the membership and Chairs of each of the Committees of the Board. The Committee is also responsible for advising the Board on matters of corporate governance. The Committee meets as often as is necessary to carry out its responsibilities. In fiscal 2013, the Committee did not meet since no governance issues arose and no changes to the Board composition were contemplated. The Committee is permitted access to all records and corporate information that it determines necessary to discharge its duties and responsibilities.

The Governance and Nominating Committee is responsible for recommending candidates for nomination to the Board. Each member of the Board is encouraged to recommend potential candidates for the Board and such recommendations are then reviewed by the Committee. In conducting such review, the Committee considers the competencies and skills that the Committee considers to be necessary for the Board as a collective to possess and the competencies and skills that the Committee considers the Corporation's existing directors to possess. In reviewing the qualifications of potential candidates, the Committee assesses, among other things, industry experience, financial literacy, functional expertise in such areas as accounting and corporate finance and previous experience as a director. Candidates believed to be suitable are then discussed with the Chair of the Board and as appropriate, the Chair of

the Board initiates a meeting with the candidate to determine such candidate's interest and availability.

The Human Resource and Compensation Committee (the "HRC Committee") consists of four independent directors and is responsible for making recommendations to the Board with respect to the appointment of the Corporation's senior officers. Two of these HRC Committee members (Mr. van Schaik and Mr. Magee) are or have been President and/or Chief Executive Officer of global automotive component suppliers with thousands of employees and as such have direct and extensive experience with compensation arrangements and their suitability for both senior management and production staff – both domestically and internationally. The HRC Committee is also responsible for initiating and reviewing compensation arrangements for the Corporation's senior officers and the directors and for making recommendations to the Board in respect of same. The Board is ultimately responsible for adopting these recommendations if it determines it appropriate to do so. In carrying out its duties, the HRC Committee is responsible for, among other things, developing or approving performance indicators and objectives for the President and Chief Executive Officer and, in conjunction with the President and Chief Executive Officer, for the other senior officers of the Corporation. The HRC Committee is also responsible for developing or approving the design and administration of short and long-term incentive plans, benefit plans and employment termination arrangements for senior executive officers. The HRC Committee meets as often as is necessary to carry out its responsibilities. In fiscal 2013, it met one time.

The HRC Committee annually conducts an assessment of the effectiveness of the CEO. The HRC Committee also periodically assesses the effectiveness of the Board itself. The Chair of the HRC Committee is responsible for circulating to each member of the Board the confidential assessment surveys and for reviewing the responses thereto. The surveys seek to assess the effectiveness of individuals and the Board as a whole. The results of these assessments are evaluated, reviewed with the Chairman of the Board, and recommendations as appropriate are presented to the Board.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis is designed to explain the significant principles which underlie the Corporation's policies and procedures for the compensation of its executive officers, including information on the objectives of the Corporation's executive compensation strategy. Included in this section is a discussion of each element of compensation, why the Corporation has chosen to recognize each element, how the Corporation calculates the amount for each element and how each compensation element fits into the Corporation's overall compensation strategy.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the HRC Committee determines on an annual basis the base compensation for the CEO of the Corporation based on internal deliberations following consultation with the HRC Committee and other members of the Board. With respect to base salary, the HRC Committee does not apply formal objectives or set formulae in order to determine base compensation but conducts a qualitative determination of the level of performance in regards to strategic objectives of the Corporation. With respect to cash bonus and Long Term Incentives for the CEO and business unit managers, rewards are based on objective formulae relating to the financial performance of their business units or

consolidated financial results. The Board, upon the recommendation of the HRC Committee also determines on an annual basis the total compensations of the COO and CFO. This determination takes into account the recommendation of the President and CEO and the HRC Committees' views as to the broad scope of responsibilities of the Corporation's COO and CFO and the HRC Committee's subjective assessment of his impact on the Corporation's overall success.

The Corporation's executive compensation philosophy is to:

- (a) Provide a competitive level of base compensation and benefits that will attract and retain talented and committed executives; and
- (b) Reward executives by use of short term incentives (cash bonus) and long term incentives (stock options) for the achievement of consistent higher than average profitability.

In order to attract and retain a high level of executive talent, the HRC Committee has historically targeted total executive compensation levels in the median range to above-mid range of automotive manufacturing and industrial companies, whose operational, corporate finance and other activities are considered comparable to those of the Corporation. This is not a rigid requirement and discretion exists to take into account trends and/or challenges in the automotive industry. The HRC Committee has established this range because the global automotive power train and component sector in Canada is extremely complex, constantly challenged, and exceptionally competitive and also because the Corporation must have superior talent in order to deal with these challenges and to accomplish its strategic objectives.

Every new year, the HRC Committee compares executive compensation levels with other Canadian small cap public companies in the automotive industry. This testing of compensation levels is done with respect to base salary and annual bonus. This process was undertaken in 2010 with the assistance of Mercers. In May 2012 Mercers was again engaged for this purpose. The mandate was to select up to eight small cap Canadian public companies in the automotive industry with annual sales within half to two times that of the Corporation. Two additional Canadian small cap companies were added one of which exceeded the top range and one of which exceeded the bottom range. This provided guidance to the Committee on executive compensation and allowed the Committee to evaluate market compensation information and ensure that the HRC Committee's approach is appropriate and is generally consistent with compensation trends in the marketplace. Regarding its compensation deliberations in respect of the 2013 fiscal year, the Committee determined that the current level of compensation was appropriate. Mercers was not engaged by the Corporation or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries for any other services during the 2013 fiscal year.

For 2013 the HRC Committee quantified and reviewed all elements of the compensation of the Corporation's executives named in the Summary Compensation Table, below (the "Named Executive Officers" or "NEOs"). The Committee also quantified and reviewed the projected payouts to the Named Executive Officers and payouts resulting from their termination and under the Corporation's Share Option Plan and other payouts. The Committee reviewed this information at two meetings held in October and November 2013 when the financial results for the fiscal year were known to ensure that it had complete understanding of each element of the compensation arrangements in effect for the NEO's, including an understanding of the "total"

current executive compensation including future commitments. The Committee Chairman also addressed compensation matters at several Board meetings throughout the year.

The HRC Committee believes that the total compensation packages of the Corporation's executive officers are appropriate in light of the Corporation's overall performance during 2013, given margin improvement, the ongoing greenfields and the increased global complexity of Exco. The HRC Committee also considered the Corporation's share price performance as a factor in its compensation determinations. It undertook a comparison of the Corporation to its peer companies as described above and the HRC Committee recognizes that the Corporation's share price has continued to improve over last year and unlike the S&P/TSX Small Cap index and the Automotive & Components index, has returned to the same level as 2007 which was the last year before the recession and automotive industry disruption. In addition, the Corporation's return on capital employed is higher, by a large margin, than any other Canadian public automotive supplier in 2013. It also noted that the Corporation's share price also reflects the strong balance sheet and dividend growth history which management has been able to sustain during a particularly unstable global business environment.

Elements of Executive Compensation

Executive compensation for 2013 included four basic elements, along with a package of benefit plans designed to complement the compensation components described below. The following summarizes the Corporation's reasons for each element of compensation:

1. Base Salaries

Base salaries provide fixed compensation to executives. The Corporation pays base salaries that the HRC Committee believes are competitive with salaries paid for similar positions and are based on the executives level of responsibility and ability to influence the performance of the Corporation and take into account that the Corporation does not offer a pension plan or retirement benefits of any kind. These salaries are reviewed by management and the HRC Committee annually.

2. Cash Bonus Program

The cash bonus program is a variable component of compensation and is designed to compensate business unit managers for the short term financial performance of the operations for which they are responsible. The cash bonus payable to business unit managers is 50% of that business' bonus pool. The bonus pool is calculated by applying the following two – step formula to each business unit or business group, as the case may be:

Step 1:

$$\frac{\text{Fiscal Year Pre-Tax Profit - Hurdle Amount}}{\text{Net Sales}} = \text{Pre-Tax after Hurdle Return on Sales percentage}$$

Step 2:

$$(\text{Fiscal Year Pre-Tax Profit - Hurdle Amount}) \times \text{Pre-Tax after Hurdle Return on Sales percentage} = \text{Bonus Pool}$$

Fiscal Year Pre Tax Profit is subject to numerous adjustments and is capped at 20% of sales. The Hurdle Rate is 10% of the net investment (less cash, debt and intercompany charges) in the business or business group. The large mould business, in fiscal 2013, is not subject to the capital charge. The amount of the manager's bonus increases as the bonus pool increases. In all cases except the large mould business the business unit manager's bonus is capped at 100% of base salary. The cash bonus program varies in detail between segments and divisions to suit particular circumstances but is uniform in basic philosophy and design. The bonus is paid in cash but may be paid in cash and grants of stock options in cases where the bonus for any individual exceeds \$50,000. See 'Long Term Incentive Program' below. The CFO receives a discretionary cash bonus as it is deemed inappropriate to link the CFO's bonus to profitability. In fiscal 2014, all business unit managers' bonus will be capped at a maximum of 150% of base salary.

The annual bonus program of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Operating Officer is calculated as a percentage of the adjusted consolidated pre-tax profit of the Corporation. The adjustment to consolidated pretax profit is a capital charge deduction. The capital charge deduction is obtained by multiplying the Corporation's percentage cost of borrowing by the prior year-end shareholders' equity. The CEO and the COO receive 3% and 2% respectively of the adjusted consolidated pretax profit in cash or, in the discretion of the Board, in cash and grants of stock options and the COO's bonus is capped at 100% of base salary. In fiscal 2014, the COO will receive 1.5% of the adjusted consolidated pretax profit as bonus and capped at 125% of base salary.

The Board retains discretion to award cash bonuses in addition to the requirements of the cash bonus program in keeping with its philosophy of ultimate control over executive compensation and the need, from time to time, to deal with exceptional circumstances. Such discretion was not exercised with respect to the NEOs in 2013.

3. Long Term Incentive Program

Long term incentives for NEO's consist of share options which are also a variable component of compensation. Where the cash bonus payable to business unit managers or the CEO and COO exceeds \$50,000, the entitled individual may be required to accept, in lieu of cash, stock options equal to up to one quarter of the cash bonus entitlement exceeding \$50,000. These options are 10-year stock options granted at the market price at the time of grant. The Corporation also retains the right to grant discretionary options with 5 year duration. This discretion is used from time to time to provide additional long term incentives to business unit managers, the CEO, COO and the CFO. Such discretion was exercised in the case of the NEOs in 2013 for 5 year options to the COO, the CFO and the business unit managers.

These share options vest at the rate of 20% per year and act as an inducement for the recipients to remain in the employ of the Corporation and make business decisions that will contribute to the Corporation's long term share price appreciation.

4. Personal Benefits

The Corporation maintains competitive group benefit plans for all NEOs including provision of life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment insurance, short term disability income,

long term disability income and health and dental coverage. Benefits under these plans do not materially differ from those extended to other management employees of the Corporation. Group benefits cease on the NEO's retirement or termination and, with respect to certain group benefits, upon obtaining the age of 65 and 70. From time to time the Corporation provides other forms of compensation that are common in the automotive industry such as providing company cars/car allowances and club memberships to NEOs.

Each of the compensation elements above are generally designed to accomplish one or both of the Corporation's two goals: 1) attraction and retention of key talent, and 2) alignment of compensation with Corporation performance, which includes achievement of consistent higher than average profitability.

1. *Attraction and Retention of Key Talent*

The compensation package meets the goal of attracting and retaining key talent in a highly competitive automotive manufacturing environment through the following elements:

- A competitive total compensation program, including base salary, cash bonus, long term incentives that are competitive with similar opportunities offered in the marketplace for executive talent; and
- Ten-year share option grants with five-year vesting encourage long tenure with the Corporation.

2. *Alignment of Compensation with Corporation Performance*

The compensation package aligns individual compensation with the Corporation's operating and financial performance because:

- The base compensation and personal benefits are sufficient to retain competent executive management, and
- The cash bonus and share option awards for business unit managers incent and motivate them to improve the Corporation's operating and financial performance, namely, the Corporation's pretax profit as a percent of sales after a hurdle rate of 10% of net investment in the business unit is deducted. As this ratio improves the Corporation's net investment declines and gross margin, earnings, EPS and ultimately the share price should rise. In the case of the CEO and COO as consolidated pretax profit above the cost of borrowing charge rises so should the Corporation's overall earnings, EPS and ultimately share price.

As noted above, the Committee targets total compensation at the mid range to above-mid range of comparable market practices. Various elements of total compensation are managed so that the total package provides the potential to add up to the approximate midpoint of the equivalent position range at target performance levels. Within total compensation, in 2013, the Committee sought to balance the various components with a view to retain talent in order to achieve short term and long term objectives, as well as offering attractive compensation. Besides base salary and personal benefits all other compensation is at-risk, which means that all the cash bonus and long term incentive is at-risk and tied to the Corporation's performance for all NEOs.

A. Base Salaries

In setting salaries of the Named Executive Officers, the Committee reviewed automotive and general industry benchmark data for the Chief Executive officer. For the other Named Executive Officers it consults with the Chief Executive Officer regarding individual performance. Based on the foregoing review, as well as consideration of individual performance, tenure and experience, the performance of the Corporation overall, any retention concerns, the individual's historical compensation and input from other Board members, the Committee sets the base salaries for the Named Executive Officers. The salaries that the Committee approved for the Named Executive Officers for 2013 are shown in the salary column of the Summary Compensation Table and have not changed from the prior year.

B. Cash Bonus Awards

Given the strong business unit earnings experienced in the Automotive Solutions Group, where Mr. Schroers is employed, as well as the sustained profitability of the Corporation's consolidated earnings in 2013 all NEOs earned a cash bonus in accordance with the formulae described above in amounts set forth in the Summary Compensation Table set out below. These formulae are driven by the Corporation's earnings and not its stock price; however, the 2013 cash bonus awards are consistent with and positively correlated with Exco's superior performance compared to the S&P/TSX Small Cap index and the Automotive & Components index in 2013 as summarized in the Performance Graph below.

C. Long Term Incentive

All NEOs earned cash bonuses in excess of \$50,000 in 2013. The Board exercised its discretion and required all NEOs to receive cash bonuses and no 10 year stock options. Mr. Brian Robbins is nearing retirement age and it was felt that, in this circumstance, options were not satisfactory long term motivators. Historic share option information for grants to NEOs are shown in the table "Outstanding Option-Based Awards".

Managing Compensation Related Risk

In 2013, the HRC Committee considered the implications of the risks associated with its compensation policies and procedures. The HRC Committee is actively involved in the risk oversight of its compensation policies and practices. Managing compensation risk within the context of a decentralized management structure such as Exco's is a critical component of the Corporation's overall risk mitigation process.

The Company uses the following practices to discourage or mitigate excessive risk-taking:

- The Board reviews and approves each business unit's annual plan and budgets before the start of each fiscal year. These annual plans and budgets include the determination of bonus pools although the allocation to individuals does not take place. Each quarter the annual plans and budgets (included bonus pools) are monitored and updated

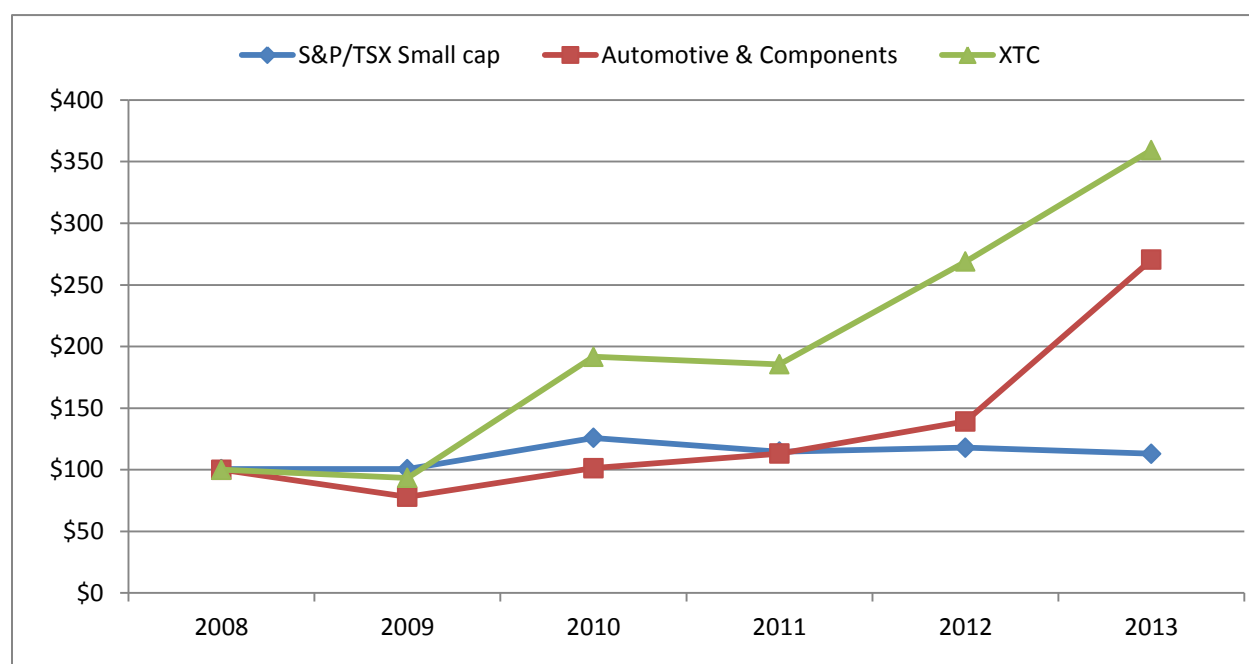
quarterly by corporate management, if business conditions require it, and reported to the Board.

- The Corporation now has employment contracts for all NEOs except the CEO. These employment contracts are approved by the HRC Committee, and incorporate in detail all the terms of compensation. The CEO's bonus is documented and determined by formula as previously discussed herein (see "Elements of Compensation" above).
- Bonuses for NEOs are negotiated in the employment contract as a specific percentage of the fiscal year's pre-tax profits and the size of each business unit's bonus pool is capped. Also, at the individual NEO level there is a cap of 100% of base pay for all NEOs except for the CEO; the negotiated percentages do not fluctuate, although the amount of bonus will fluctuate as profits and net investment fluctuate. The underlying objective of such bonus structure (including of executive officers, and for divisional general managers) is to encourage entrepreneurial management behavior, to support reflecting the fact that an office's compensation is directly affected by the profitability of the operations over which he or she is responsible. As profitability of the division or plant increases, so will such person's bonus. In 2014, the cap on certain individual NEO, except for the CEO, will increase to a maximum of 150%.
- All equally based awards (for executives and non-executives) are approved by the HRC Committee and the Board of Directors; where not negotiated into an employment contract, equity compensation is based on performance and discretionary (as described above).
- The HRC Committee has delegated employment contract negotiations for its vice-presidents and general managers to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer, using the same principles as utilized by the HRC Committee and all base salary and bonus awards and employment contracts are approved by the HRC Committee.
- In 2013 all those executive contracts that required renewal, were updated and reviewed by the HRC Committee.
- The Corporation does not have firm share ownership requirements for its NEOs; however, historically NEO share ownership is relatively high. The Corporation does not explicitly prohibit hedging of Exco shares and share based compensation awards, however, no NEO has entered into such arrangements in the past and none exist at the present time.
- The Corporation's long term incentive program includes options which vest over time (or a significant portion of which vest over time). This ensures that executives remain exposed to the risks of their decisions and vesting periods align with risk realization periods. The trading of Common Shares, whether obtained through option exercise or otherwise, is subject to specified black-out periods.
- The Audit Committee and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing and monitoring the Corporation's financial and enterprise risks. Accordingly, the Audit Committee has two members who are former partners with national accounting firms with extensive and detailed knowledge of financial reporting and recent trends in both IFRS and accounting for the hedging of risk.
- The HRC Committee in some cases and the Board retains, in appropriate circumstances, the discretion to adjust annual incentive payments to take into account unexpected events. Where there are no pre-tax profits, no bonuses are payable to NEOs.

As a result of the HRC Committee's review of its compensation plans, it has concluded that there are no identified risks arising from its compensation programs which are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Corporation.

PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following graph illustrates the five-year cumulative total shareholder return (assuming reinvestment of dividends) of a \$100 investment in shares on September 30, 2008 to September 30, 2013 compared with the return on the S&P/TSX Total Return Composite Index and the Automotive & Components index.



As of September 30	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
S&P/TSX Small cap	100	100	126	115	118	113
Automotive & Components	100	78	101	113	139	270
XTC	100	93	192	186	269	359

Summary Compensation Table

The following table provides a summary of compensation earned during the last fiscal year by the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and the 3 most highly compensated executive officers who served as executive officers of the Corporation at the end of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 (the "Named Executive Officers").

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Option Based Awards (\$)	Annual Incentive Plan (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Total Compensation (\$)
Brian A. Robbins President and Chief Executive Officer	2011	400,000	-	492,588	63,463	956,051
	2012	400,000	-	915,587	60,650	1,376,236
	2013	400,000	-	849,621	62,533	1,312,154
Mary H. Nguyen Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer	2013	200,000	47,700	100,000	-	347,700
Paul E. Riganelli (3) Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer	2011	300,000	-	250,000	-	550,000
	2012	300,000	62,500	237,500	-	600,000
	2013	300,000	79,500	300,000	-	679,500
William Schroers President and Chief Executive Officer, Automotive Solutions Group	2011	297,000	-	297,000	-	594,000
	2012	300,000	-	300,000	-	600,000
	2013	306,000	79,500	306,000	-	691,500
Jan Tesar President, Casting Technology Group	2011	328,000	-	619,414	54,975	1,002,389
	2012	328,000	-	558,102	49,553	935,655
	2013	328,000	-	312,035	32,995	673,030

(1) The value of annual perquisites and benefits for each of the Named Executive Officers is shown only when the value exceeds the lesser of \$50,000 and 10% of the total annual salary and bonus.

(2) Fair value of the awards earned in fiscal 2013 on the grant date calculated based on Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Risk-free rate	1.77%
Expected dividend yield	2.45%
Expected volatility	60.56%
Expected time until exercise	5.49 years
Weighted average fair value of the options granted	\$3.18

(3) Paul E. Riganelli assumed to role of Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer until April 1, 2013 after which he assumed the role of Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer at the Company.

Note: None of the Named Executive Officers are covered by a pension plan or received any share based awards or long-term incentive plan awards as defined in National Instrument Form 51-102F6 and accordingly, the columns have been deleted for presentation purposes.

INCENTIVE PLAN AWARDS

Outstanding Option-Based Awards

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Value of Unexercised in-the-money Options as at September 30, 2013 ⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Option-based awards - Value vested during the year (\$)
Brian A. Robbins	125,000	1.92	27-May-2015	568,750	
	125,000			568,750	81,500
Mary H. Nguyen	600	1.52	31-May-2014	2,970	
	1,200	1.92	27-May-2015	5,460	
	6,000	3.30	25-May-2016	19,020	
	8,000	3.32	30-May-2017	25,200	
	10,000	5.33	29-May-2018	11,400	
	25,800			64,050	12,486
Paul E. Riganelli	7,000	1.52	31-May-2014	34,650	
	14,000	1.92	27-May-2015	63,700	
	14,953	3.30	25-Nov-2020	47,401	
	23,452	5.33	29-Nov-2022	26,735	
	59,405			172,486	60,210
William Schroers	22,314	3.79	22-Nov-2017	59,802	
	75,492	4.00	18-Nov-2015	186,465	
	55,044	4.00	28-Nov-2016	135,959	
	54,957	6.85	13-Oct-2013	-	
	53,604	7.15	18-Nov-2014	-	
	261,411			382,226	5,400
Jan Tesar	59,058	3.30	25-Nov-2020	187,214	
	8,824	3.79	22-Nov-2017	23,648	
	56,877	4.00	18-Nov-2015	140,486	
	41,322	4.00	28-Nov-2016	102,065	
	40,000	6.85	13-Oct-2013	-	
	20,587	7.15	18-Nov-2014	-	
	226,668			453,414	24,458

(1) Difference between the market value of the securities underlying the instruments at the end of the year, and the exercise or base price of the option.

Incentive Plan Awards – Value Vested or Earned During the Year

Name	Option-Based Awards - Value Vested during the Year (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation - Value Earned during the Year (\$)
Brian A. Robbins	81,500	1,249,621
Mary H. Nguyen	12,486	300,000
Paul E. Riganelli	60,210	600,000
William Schroers	5,400	612,000
Jan Tesar	24,458	640,035

Note: None of the Named Executive Officers has received any share based awards as defined in National Instrument Form 51-102F6 and accordingly, the column has been deleted for presentation purposes.

Executive Contracts

Mr. Riganelli, Ms. Nguyen, Mr. Schroers and Mr. Tesar are the only Named Executive Officers with written employment contracts. Mr. Riganelli's employment contract provides for a base salary of \$300,000 plus a bonus up to a maximum of 100% (to rise to 125% commencing fiscal 2014) of the base salary calculated based primarily on the Company's consolidated pretax profit after a cost of capital charge. The employment contract has no fixed term, however, provides for notice, or payment in lieu of notice, in the event of termination without cause in the amount of one month and accrued bonus for every year of service. As of the date of the circular this amount would be approximately \$250,000. No change of control provision exists.

M. Nguyen's employment contract provides for a base salary of \$200,000 plus a discretionary bonus up to a maximum of 50% of the base salary. The employment contract has no fixed term, however, provides for notice, or payment in lieu of notice, in the event of termination without cause in the amount of one month and accrued bonus for every year of service. As of the date of the circular this amount would be approximately \$120,000. No change of control provision exists.

The Corporation has entered into a contract with WS Enterprises Inc. and William Schroers for management services relating to the management of the Automotive Solutions segment. The contract is for a fixed term expiring on September 30, 2015. Both parties are domiciled in the State of Michigan, USA. The amount paid to WS Enterprises Inc. under this contract by the Corporation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 is set out in the compensation table above. Upon expiry of the contract it is the parties' expectation that the contract will be renewed. If it is not a payment of approximately \$US300,000 may be required. There is no change of control provision.

Mr. Tesar's contract is for a fixed term expiring on December 31, 2015. The base salary is \$328,000 but shall reduce for the 2015 calendar year to \$196,000. An annual bonus based on the formula described in the section headed "Elements of Executive Compensation, 2) Cash Bonus Program" except that it is based on the combined financial results of all three business units in the large mould group and reduced by 50% for fiscal 2013. No annual bonus will be paid for 2014 and 2015. In the event of termination without cause the contract requires continuation of the base salary and bonus and other perquisites for the balance of the unexpired

term of the contract. It is anticipated that upon expiry of the term on December 31, 2015 the contract will not be renewed. At that time no further payment to Mr. Tesar is required. There is a change of control provision for the 2014 and 2015 calendar years requiring payment to Mr. Tesar of the base salary for the unexpired term following the change of control date on a salary continuance basis.

DESCRIPTION OF EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options (#)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options (\$)	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (excluding securities reflected in column (#))
Equity compensation plan approved by security holders (<i>stock option plan</i>)	997,778	\$4.20	2,054,375
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holder	-	-	-
Total	997,778	\$4.20	2,054,375

Stock Option Plan

Pursuant to the terms of the Corporation's SOP, the Board of Directors is authorized to issue options to officers and employees to acquire common shares at such prices as the Board may determine, provided the price is more than the minimum price permitted by the Toronto Stock Exchange. Directors who are not officers are not eligible to receive stock options under the SOP. At present, the TSX requires the price to be no less than the weighted average price of the Corporation's Common Shares on the last 5 trading days before the day of the grant by the Board.

Options granted under the SOP must expire no later than 10 years after the date of grant and are not transferable or assignable other than by will or other testamentary instrument or the laws of succession. Options vest at the rate of 20% per annum. If a participant under the SOP is dismissed for cause, all unexercised options of the participant immediately terminate. If a participant under the SOP ceases to be a director, officer or employee of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, each option held by such participant will cease to be exercisable 30 days thereafter. If a participant under the SOP dies, the legal representative of the participant may exercise the participant's options for a period of 6 months following the date of the participant's death, but only up to the original option expiry date. The Board retains discretion to extend these time limits.

The SOP provides that the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to any one person under the Plan may not exceed 5% of the outstanding Common Shares at the relevant time. It also provides that no option will be granted to non-employee Directors if the grant would result in the number of shares reserved for issuance for all non-employee Directors collectively exceeding 1% of the number of issued and outstanding Common Shares at the proposed time of grant.

At the time the SOP was established, 820,177 Common Shares were reserved for issuance. Adjustments were made for a stock split in 1998 (3 for 2) and a stock dividend in 2003 (2 for 1). Additional Common Shares were reserved thereafter. Most recently, in January 2005 shareholders approved an amendment to the SOP to increase the number of Common Shares reserved thereunder by 760,000 to 6,080,118. The SOP provides that the Board may amend it with the prior approval of the TSX. The Corporation does not provide financial assistance in connection with the exercise of options under the SOP but retains the discretion to do so in appropriate circumstances.

At fiscal year-end, the Corporation had options outstanding under the SOP to purchase 997,778 Common Shares at exercise prices ranging from \$1.03 to \$7.15 per share, representing 2.5% of the Corporation's outstanding common shares. 2,054,375 Common Shares (representing 5.0% of outstanding Common Shares) are available for future grants under the SOP as set forth in the table below:

	Common Shares
Common Shares currently reserved	6,348,227
Common Shares previously issued on exercise of options	(3,296,074)
Common Shares reserved for issue pursuant to outstanding options	(997,778)
Common Shares available for future options	2,054,375

NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

On May 6, 2010, the TSX approved the Corporation's request to renew its normal course issuer bid. During the 2011 fiscal year, the Corporation purchased no Common Shares. The normal course issuer bid expired on May 7, 2011 and was not renewed. In September the Corporation applied to the TSX to reinitiate a normal course issuer bid. Approval was given by the TSX on September 28, 2011 for the Corporation to purchase up to 1,500,000 Common Shares. During the 2012 fiscal year, the Corporation purchased 777,180 Common Shares at a weighted average price of \$3.53. Approval was given on October 3, 2012 for the Corporation to purchase up to 1,500,000 Common Shares. During the 2013 fiscal year, the Corporation did not purchase any common shares. Approval was given on October 3, 2013 for the Corporation to purchase up to 1,500,000 Common Shares.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Corporation holds directors' and officers' liability insurance in the aggregate amount of US\$10,000,000 for annual premiums of approximately \$30,450. The Corporation will pay the first US\$100,000 of any claim made under the policy.

GENERAL

Information contained herein is given as of December 2, 2013. The management of the Corporation knows of no matter to come before the Meeting of shareholders other than the matters referred to in the Notice of Meeting. The contents and the sending of this management information circular have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

Additional financial information is provided in the Corporation's comparative financial statements and Management Discussion & Analysis for fiscal 2013. Further information relating to the Corporation is available on SEDAR at 'www.sedar.com'. Security holders may request copies of the Corporation's financial statements and management discussion and analysis for fiscal 2013 by contacting the Corporation at its corporate office at 130 Spy Court, 2nd Floor, Markham, Ontario, L3R 5H6, Phone 905-477-3065, Fax 905-477-2449.

Toronto, Ontario
December 2, 2013

Mary Nguyen
VP Finance, CFO & Secretary

Schedule A

Role of the Chairman of the Board

The Chairman of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Exco Technologies Limited manages the business of the Board and ensures that the Board and its committees are effectively carrying out the functions identified. In addition to ensuring the operation of the Board, the Chairman performs the following functions:

1. in consultation with the President, Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”), Chief Operating Officer (“COO”) & Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) prepares the agenda for each meeting of the Board;
2. ensures that all directors receive the information required for the proper performance of their duties
3. ensures that the appropriate committee structure is in place and makes initial recommendations for appointment to such committees;
4. in consultation with the Chairs of the Human Resource and Governance Committees, ensures that an appropriate system is in place to evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, the Board’s committees and individual directors, which may include the use of director questionnaires and interviews of each director on his or her performance, and makes recommendations for changes when appropriate; and
5. works with the President, CEO and senior management to monitor progress on strategic planning, policy implementation and succession planning.

Role of the President and Chief Executive Officer

The President and CEO of Exco Technologies Limited (the “Company”) provides leadership of the Company and, subject to approved policies and direction by the Board of Directors (the “Board”), manages the business and affairs of the Company and oversees the execution of its strategic plan. In addition, to managing the business and affairs of the Company, the CEO performs the following functions:

1. presents to the Board for approval a strategic plan for the Company including the strategies to achieve that plan, the risks and alternatives to these strategies and specific steps and performance indicators, which will enable the Board to evaluate progress on implementing such strategies;
2. proposes to the Board for approval annual capital and operating plans to implement the Company’s strategies together with key financial and other performance goals for the Company’s activities and reports regularly to the Board on the progress against these goals;
3. acts as primary spokesperson for the Company and all its stakeholders;
4. assesses the senior management of the Company and provides for the orderly succession of senior management including the recruitment, training and development required;
5. recommends to the Board the appointment or termination of any officer of the Company other than the Chair;
6. together with the Company’s CFO, establishes and maintains disclosure controls and procedures, and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting appropriate to ensure the accuracy and integrity of the Company’s financial reporting and public disclosures; and
7. ensures that the Company is in full compliance with applicable laws and regulations and with its own policies.

Board of Directors Charter

1. Role of the Board

The Board of Directors of Exco Technologies Ltd. (the “Company”) is elected by the Company’s shareholders to supervise directly and through its committees, the management of the business and affairs of the Company, which are conducted by its officers and employees under the direction of the President and CEO.

The primary stewardship responsibility of the Board of the Company is to ensure that Management conducts the business and affairs of the Company with the main objectives to enhance shareholder value in a manner that recognizes the concerns of other stakeholders in the Company, including its employees, suppliers, customers and the communities in which it operates, to continuously improve the Company’s performance and quality of its products and services, and to ensure its continuous growth and development.

2. Duties and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board shall meet regularly to review reports by management on the performance of the Company. In addition to the general supervision of Management, the Board performs the following functions:

- a) **Strategic planning** – Overseeing the strategic planning process within the Company and reviewing, approving and monitoring the Company’s strategic plan, including fundamental financial and business strategies and objectives, taking into account, among other things, the opportunities and risks of the business, market and product global trends, and growth potential;
- b) **Risk assessment** – Monitoring and assessing the principal risks of the Company’s business and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- c) **Integrity of CEO and other executive officers** – To the extent feasible, satisfying itself as to the integrity of the CEO and other executive officers and satisfying itself that the CEO and other executive officers create a culture of integrity throughout the organization.
- d) **Senior management** – Overseeing the selection, evaluation and compensation of the CEO and senior management and monitoring succession planning;
- e) **Maintaining integrity** – Reviewing and monitoring the controls and procedures within the Company to maintain the integrity and accuracy of its financial reporting, internal controls, disclosure controls, management information systems and compliance with its Conflict of Interest Policy.
- f) **Expectations** – Ensuring that its expectations of Management are understood, that the appropriate matters come before the Board and that the Board is kept informed of shareholder feedback
- g) **CEO** – Reviewing and approving, upon the recommendation of the Human Resource and Compensation Committee (‘HRC Committee’), the appointment, compensation, and performance of the CEO and the succession plan for him and senior managers;
- h) **Selection of Board nominees** – Selecting, upon the recommendation of the Governance and Nominating Committee nominees for election as directors;
- i) **Compensation of non-management directors** – Reviewing and approving upon the recommendation of the HRC Committee, the compensation of non-management directors, and ensuring that their compensation adequately reflects the risks and responsibilities, and time commitment involved in being an effective director;
- j) **Independent functioning** – Ensuring that appropriate structures and procedures are in place so that the Board and its committees can function independently of Management.
- k) **Approval of key policies** – Reviewing and approving the key policy statements developed by Management for issues such as conflicts of interest, compliance, communications, environment, health and safety, and public disclosure;

- l) **Approval of disclosure documents** – Reviewing and approving the contents of the annual information form, annual and quarterly management’s discussion and analysis, press releases in connection with quarterly and annual financial results and the corresponding financial statements, and the management proxy circular;
- m) **Approval of financial activities** – Reviewing and approving significant capital expenditures, raising of capital, significant loans and other major financial activities;
- n) **Approval of significant operations** – Reviewing and approving significant reorganizations, restructuring, acquisitions, and divestitures; and
- o) **Corporate governance monitoring** – Developing and monitoring, through the Governance and Nominating Committee, the systems of corporate governance of the Company.

3. Composition and Procedures

- a) **Size of Board and selection process** – The size of the Board must be sufficient in number to ensure diversity of skills and perspectives and to provide useful experience to the Board supervising the management of the Company as well as to staff on the various Board committees, while allowing the Board to function efficiently and effectively. The Board reviews and approves the choice of candidates for nomination and election by the shareholders. Between annual meetings, the Board may appoint directors to service until the next annual meeting.
- b) **Qualifications** – Directors should have the highest personal and professional ethics and values and be committed to advancing the best interests of the shareholders of the Company. They should possess skills and competencies in areas that are relevant to the Company’s activities, solid business experience, good judgment, integrity, financial literacy and the ability to allocate the necessary time and effort to perform Board and committees duties. A majority of the Board shall be composed of independent directors within the meaning of section 1.4 of National Instrument 52-110 *Audit Committee*.
- c) **Majority voting** – Forms of proxy for the vote by shareholders on the election of directors will list each nominee for director separately so as to enable shareholders to vote in favour of, or to withhold from voting for, each nominee, individually. The Board will promptly cause the outcome of each vote for the election of directors to be publicly disclosed by means of a news release or in such other manner as may be required by the Toronto Stock Exchange. If, with respect to any nominee, the number of votes withheld exceeds the number of votes in favour of the nominee, then such nominee (“Designated Nominee”) is required forthwith to submit to the Board his or her resignation, to take effect upon acceptance by the Board. The Board will promptly, and in any event within 90 days, consider and determine whether or not it is in the best interest of the Company to accept or reject the resignation and in making this decision, the board may request and rely on a recommendation from the Governance and Nominating Committee. That Committee and the Board, may each consider any factors or other information that they consider appropriate and relevant in making their decision. A Designated Nominee will not participate in the deliberations of any committee or the Board with respect to his or her resignation. If the Designated Nominee is retained, the Company shall issue a news release to this effect in a timely manner. Subject to any applicable law, if the resignation of the Designated Nominee is accepted, the Board may leave the resultant vacancy unfilled until the next annual meeting of shareholders, or the board may fill the vacancy through the appointment of a new director. This majority voting policy does not apply to any nominee for election as a director of the Company for ‘contested’ elections; that is, where, the total number of persons nominated for election exceeds the total number of vacancies to be filled at such election of directors, as determined by the Board.
- d) **Chairman of the Board** – The Board shall appoint a director to be Chairman of the Board. At all times the same person may not occupy the position of Chairman of the Board and of President and/or CEO.
- e) **Director orientation** – Management is responsible for providing an orientation and education program for new directors with a view to ascertaining that all new directors fully understand the role of the Board and its committees, as well as the contribution individual directors are expected to make (including, in particular, the commitment of time and energy that the Company expects from its directors), and the nature and operation of the Company’s business.

- f) **Meetings** – The Board has at least five scheduled meetings a year. Additional meetings may be held when required. The Board is responsible for its agenda. Materials for each meeting will be distributed to the directors in advance of the meetings. At each of the five scheduled meetings, the final agenda item is an “in-camera” session which excludes management and non independent directors.
- g) **Committees** – The Board has established three standing committees to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities: the HRC Committee, the Governance and Nominating Committee and the Audit Committee. Special committees may be established from time to time to assist the Board in connection with specific matters. The chair of each committee reports to the Board following meetings of the committee.
- h) **Evaluation** – The HRC Committee bears the responsibility to assess the Board’s performance as a whole as well as that of individual directors, the committees of the Board and the contributions of individual directors.
- i) **Compensation** – The HRC Committee recommends to the Board the compensation for non-management directors. In reviewing the adequacy and form of compensation, the committee seeks to ensure that the compensation reflects the responsibilities and risks involved in being a director of the Company and aligns the interests of the directors with the best interests of the shareholders.
- j) **Access or independent advisors** – The Board, any committee and/or any director may at any time retain outside financial or legal advisors at the expense of the Company. The retention and the terms and conditions of the retention of external advisors shall receive prior approval by the HRC Committee.